losses on available-for-sale securities, if any, and foreign currency translation adjustments in other comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Comprehensive income was approximately \$106.5 million, \$160.2 million and \$156.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012, respectively.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, the FASB issued Auditing Standard Update 2011-05, Presentation of Comprehensive Income (ASU 2011-05), to improve the comparability, consistency, and transparency of financial reporting and increase the prominence of items reported in other comprehensive income. The amendments to this standard require that all non-owner changes in stockholders' equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In December 2011, the FASB issued Auditing Standard Update 2011-12, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) — Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in ASU 2011-05, which defers the effective date of only those changes in ASU 2011-05 that relate to the presentation of reclassification adjustments. The adoption of the amended accounting guidance in the first quarter of 2012 impacted the Company's presentation of other comprehensive income and did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-02, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) — Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. This update requires the presentation, either in a single note or parenthetically on the face of the financial statements, of the effect of significant amounts reclassified from each component of accumulated other comprehensive income based on its source and the income statement line items affected by the reclassification. This ASU is effective prospectively for the Company for annual and interim periods beginning January 1, 2013. The adoption of the amended accounting guidance in the first quarter of 2013 will impact the Company's presentation of other comprehensive income and will not have an impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations.

3. ACQUISITIONS AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The application of the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations requires management to make significant estimates and assumptions in the determination of the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in order to properly allocate purchase price consideration. These assumptions and estimates include a market participant's expected use of the asset and the appropriate discount rates from a market participant perspective. The Company's estimates are based on historical experience and information obtained from the management of the acquired company and are determined with assistance from an independent third-party appraisal firm. The Company's significant assumptions and estimates include the cash flows that an acquired asset is expected to generate in the future, the weighted-average cost of capital, long-term projected revenue and growth rates, and the estimated royalty rate in the application of the relief from royalty method.

BrowserMob LLC Acquisition

On July 7, 2010, the Company acquired BrowserMob LLC (BrowserMob) for cash consideration of \$2.2 million. The acquisition of BrowserMob, a provider of on-demand load testing and website monitoring services, expanded the Company's Internet Infrastructure Services. The transaction was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with the Business Combinations Topic of the FASB ASC and the results of operations of BrowserMob have been included within the Enterprise Services segment in the Company's consolidated statement of operations since the date of acquisition. Of the total purchase price, the Company recorded \$1.1 million of goodwill and \$1.0 million of definite-lived intangible assets. Definite-lived

intangible assets consist of customer relationships and acquired technology. The Company is amortizing customer relationships and acquired technology on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 3 years and 5 years, respectively.

Quova, Inc. Acquisition

On October 27, 2010, the Company acquired Quova, Inc. (Quova) for cash consideration of \$21.7 million, which price was subject to certain purchase price adjustments. Quova expanded the Company's Internet Infrastructure Services by providing internet geography data services that enable online businesses to detect and prevent fraud, ensure regulatory compliance, manage digital content rights distribution and localize ads and web content. The transaction was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with the Business Combinations Topic of the FASB ASC and the results of operations of Quova have been included within the Enterprise Services segment in the Company's consolidated statement of operations since the date of acquisition. Of the total purchase price, the Company recorded \$5.1 million of goodwill and \$15.0 million of definite-lived intangible assets. Definite-lived intangible assets consist of customer relationships, acquired technology and trade name and trademarks. The Company is amortizing customer relationships on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 7 years. Acquired technology and trade names and trademarks are being amortized on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 3 years.

Evolving System Inc. Number Solutions Acquisition

On July 1, 2011, the Company acquired the assets and certain liabilities of the Numbering Solutions business of Evolving Systems, Inc. for cash consideration of \$39.0 million. The acquisition of Evolving Systems' Numbering Solutions business expanded the Company's Order Management Services portfolio and furthered the Company's long-term initiative to simplify operators' Operations Support Systems architectures by mitigating cost and complexity, while making the evolution to next-generation networks more efficient, manageable, and flexible to meet the increasingly complex needs of end-users.

The transaction was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with the Business Combinations Topic of the FASB ASC and the results of operations have been included within the Carrier Services segment in the Company's consolidated statement of operations since the date of acquisition. Of the total purchase price, the Company recorded \$20.3 million of goodwill, \$21.7 million of definite-lived intangible assets, and \$3.0 million of net liabilities. The definite-lived intangible assets consist of \$18.9 million of customer relationships and \$2.8 million of acquired technology. The Company is amortizing customer relationships and acquired technology on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 10 years and 5 years, respectively. The total amount of goodwill that is expected to be deductible for tax purposes is \$19.7 million. During 2011, the Company recorded \$0.6 million of acquisition costs in general and administrative expense related to this transaction.

TARGUSinfo Acquisition

On November 8, 2011, the Company completed its acquisition of TARGUSinfo, a leading, independent provider of real-time, on-demand information and analytics services including Caller ID.

The acquisition of TARGUSinfo significantly extends the Company's portfolio of services in the real-time information and analytics market and combines TARGUSinfo's leadership in Caller ID and online information services, such as lead verification and scoring, with the Company's strengths in network information services, including address inventory management and network security. These services are delivered through a secure, robust technology platform, and rely on unique, extensive and privacy-protected databases.

The transaction was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with the Business Combinations Topic of the FASB ASC and the results of operations of TARGUSinfo have been included within the Information Services segment in the Company's consolidated statement of operations since the date of acquisition.

The total purchase price was approximately \$657.3 million, consisting of cash consideration of \$656.6 million and non-cash consideration of \$0.7 million attributable to the assumption of TARGUSinfo options. Of the total cash consideration, approximately \$43.5 million was deposited in an escrow account, of which \$40.0 million was available to satisfy indemnification claims for breaches of the agreement and plan of merger. An additional \$3.0 million and \$0.5 million of the merger consideration payable to the stockholders of TARGUSinfo was deposited into separate escrow accounts and was available to fund purchase price adjustments required under the merger agreement and to reimburse certain costs and expenses of the stockholder representative, respectively. The purchase price escrow of \$0.5 million will remain in escrow through the second quarter of 2013 to reimburse certain costs and expenses of the stockholder representative. During the year ended December 31, 2012, the purchase price escrow of \$3.0 million was distributed to the former TARGUSinfo stockholders and such distribution did not result in an adjustment to the purchase price or goodwill. In addition, \$15.8 million of the escrow for indemnification claims was distributed, of which \$15.0 million was distributed to the former TARGUSinfo stockholders and \$0.8 million was distributed to the Company to satisfy indemnification claims. The Company's original purchase price was reduced by \$0.7 million as a result of this distribution. As of December 31, 2012, the amounts remaining in escrow to satisfy pending tax indemnification claims was \$24.2 million. The funds in the indemnity escrow account will remain in escrow until such pending tax indemnification claims are resolved. During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company recorded \$10.5 million of acquisition costs in general and administrative expense related to this acquisition.

Under the acquisition method of accounting, the total estimated purchase price was allocated to TARGUSinfo's net tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values as of November 8, 2011. Of the total purchase price, the Company initially recorded acquisition date fair values of approximately \$429.7 million of goodwill, \$310.2 million of definite-lived intangible assets, and \$81.9 million of net liabilities. During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company adjusted its preliminary valuation of the acquired assets and liabilities assumed based upon new information pertaining to acquisition date fair values. The adjustments related to finalizing the assessment of federal research and development tax credits, deferred tax assets attributable to TARGUSinfo options, and the resolution of certain state and local tax liabilities, each pertaining to pre-acquisition tax periods. The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2011 has been retrospectively adjusted to include the effect of the measurement period adjustments (see Note 6). The allocation of the purchase price is now final.

The following table summarizes the purchase price allocation based on the estimated fair value of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities as of the acquisition date and the effects of the measurement period adjustments recorded in 2012, as discussed above (in thousands):

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,601
Accounts receivable	23,844
Income tax receivable	14,537
Other assets	15,870
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(9,689)
Deferred tax liability	(118,723)
Deferred revenue	(3,604)
Other liabilities	(3,987)
Net tangible liabilities assumed	(80,151)
Customer relationships	256,700
Acquired identified technology	46,500
Trade names and trademarks	7,000
Goodwill	427,227
Total purchase price allocation	\$ 657,276

The Company utilized a third-party valuation in determining the fair value of the definite-lived intangible assets. The income approach, which includes the application of the relief from royalty valuation method or the discounted cash flow method, was the primary technique utilized in valuing the identifiable intangible assets. The relief from royalty valuation method estimates the benefit of ownership of the intangible asset as the "relief" from the royalty expense that would need to be incurred in absence of ownership. The discounted cash flow method estimates the present value of the intangible asset's future economic benefit, utilizing the estimated available cash flow that the intangible asset is expected to generate in the future. The Company's assumptions and estimates utilized in its valuations were based on historical experience, information obtained from management of TARGUSinfo, and were determined with assistance from a third-party appraisal firm.

The Company allocated \$310.2 million of the total purchase price to definite-lived intangible assets acquired, consisting of \$256.7 million of customer relationships, \$46.5 million of acquired technology and \$7.0 million of trade names and trademarks. Customer relationships represent agreements with existing customers. The Company utilized the discounted cash flow method to value the acquired customer relationships. Under this method, the Company's significant assumptions and estimates included expected future cash flows and the weighted-average cost of capital. The value of customer relationships will be amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 8 years.

Acquired technology represents technology that had reached technological feasibility and for which development had been completed as of the date of the acquisition. Trade names and trademarks represent established TARGUSinfo trade names and trademarks acquired. The Company utilized the relief from royalty valuation method to value the acquired technology and trade names and trademarks. Under this method, the Company's significant assumptions and estimates included an estimated market royalty rate, estimated remaining useful life of the intangible asset, estimated future revenue of the intangible asset, and an estimated rate of return utilized in the determination of a discounted present value. The value of developed technology and trade names and trademarks will be amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life of 5 years and 3 years, respectively.

Goodwill represents the excess of the TARGUSinfo purchase price over the fair value of the net tangible liabilities assumed. The TARGUSinfo acquisition significantly expanded the Company's position in the information services market. This acquisition provides the Company with the opportunity to leverage its authoritative databases that are processing trillions of transactions in a new way and to provide new solutions to its customers based on real time analytics derived from the Company's existing addressing capabilities. These new capabilities, among other factors were the reasons for the establishment of the purchase price, resulting in the recognition of a significant amount of goodwill. The goodwill balance of \$427.2 million is not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

In connection with this acquisition, the Company assumed unvested options with the estimated total fair value of \$5.7 million. Of the total \$5.7 million, approximately \$5.0 million will be expensed for post-combination services and approximately \$0.7 million has been included in the purchase price. The Company determined the estimated fair value of the assumed unvested options by utilizing the Hull-White lattice model and the following assumptions: an expected volatility range of 36.24% to 36.53%, a risk-free interest rate of 1.35% to 2.15%, a dividend yield of 0%, and Neustar's last reported sale price of shares on the New York Stock Exchange on November 8, 2011 of \$33.07 per share.

As a result of the acquisition of TARGUSinfo, the Company recorded a net deferred tax liability of approximately \$116.2 million in its preliminary purchase price allocation primarily related to the difference in book and tax basis of identifiable intangibles. As of December 31, 2012, the net deferred tax liability was \$96.2 million. The Company also initially recorded a \$14.3 million income tax receivable assumed from TARGUSinfo as a result of the acquisition and accrued \$1.2 million for potential sales tax and interest due on TARGUSinfo sales for prior years through 2010. As of December 31, 2012, the accrued potential sales tax and interest due on TARGUSinfo sales for prior years through 2010 was \$1.0 million.

Pro Forma Financial Information for acquisition of TARGUSinfo

The following unaudited pro forma financial information summarizes the Company's results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2011 as if Neustar's acquisition of TARGUSinfo had been completed as of the earliest period presented. These pro forma amounts (unaudited and in thousands) do not purport to be indicative of the results that would have actually been obtained if the acquisition occurred as of the beginning of the periods presented and should not be construed as representative of the future consolidated results of operations or financial condition of the combined entity. The pro forma financial information for all periods presented also includes the effect of the related financing, amortization expense from acquired intangible assets, adjustments to interest expense and related tax effects.

Year Ended December 31,		
2010	2011	
\$650,250	\$743,324	
\$201,965	\$202,650	
\$101,203	\$121,853	
	\$650,250 \$201,965	

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Discontinued Operations

During the second quarter of 2011, the Company ceased operations of its Converged Messaging Services business. The results of operations of the Converged Messaging Services business are reflected in the Company's consolidated statements of operations as "(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax". All

corresponding prior period operating results presented in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and the accompanying notes have been reclassified to reflect the operations of the Converged Messaging Services business as discontinued operations.

Summaries of the results of discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2011 are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ended December 31,		
2010	2011	
\$ 5,946	\$ 454	
\$(31,374)	\$ (8,174)	
(13,555)	(45,423)	
\$(17,819)	\$ 37,249	
	2010	

The amounts presented as discontinued operations represent direct revenue and operating expense of the Converged Messaging Services business, which include the pre-tax loss on the sale of certain assets and liabilities of this business of \$1.9 million and an income tax benefit of \$42.7 million attributed to a deduction for the loss on worthless stock of a Converged Messaging Services business entity, recorded during the first quarter of 2011. The Company has determined direct costs consistent with the manner in which the Converged Messaging Services business was structured and managed during the respective periods. Indirect costs such as corporate overhead costs that are not directly attributable to the Converged Messaging business have not been allocated to the discontinued operations.

As of December 31, 2011, the assets and liabilities of the Converged Messaging Services business are included in their respective balance sheet categories in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. As of December 31, 2011, these assets and liabilities were \$1.3 million and \$2.2 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2011, these assets primarily included cash to fund the residual liabilities of the Converged Messaging Services business. All significant revenue generating and cost producing activities of the discontinued operations have ceased as of June 30, 2011.

4. INVESTMENTS

Auction Rate Securities and Rights

In November 2008, the Company accepted a settlement offer in the form of a rights offering (ARS Rights) by the investment firm that brokered the Company's original purchases of auction rate securities (ARS). The ARS Rights provided the Company with rights to sell its ARS at par value to the investment firm during a two year period beginning June 30, 2010. Under the ARS Rights, the investments were completely liquidated on July 1, 2010.

The Company elected to measure the ARS Rights at their fair value pursuant to the Financial Instruments Topic of the FASB ASC and to classify the associated ARS as trading securities. During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company recorded a loss of \$6.9 million related to the change in estimated fair value of the ARS Rights.

Under the terms of the ARS Rights, if the investment firm was successful in selling any ARS prior to June 30, 2010, the investment firm was obligated to pay the Company par value for the ARS sold. During 2010, prior to the Company's exercise of the ARS Rights on June 30, 2010, the investment firm sold ARS with an

original par value of \$16.5 million, and the Company received this amount in cash from the investment firm and recognized realized gains of \$2.1 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company recorded a gain of \$4.9 million related to the change in estimated fair value of the ARS.

Pre-refunded Municipal Bonds

As of December 31, 2011 and 2012, the Company held approximately \$13.1 million and \$3.7 million, respectively, in pre-refunded municipal bonds, secured by an escrow fund of U.S. Treasury securities. These investments are accounted for as available-for-sale securities in the Company's consolidated balance sheet pursuant to the Investments – Debt and Equity Securities Topic of the FASB ASC. During the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2012, the Company sold approximately \$116.1 million and \$10.3 million, respectively, of available-for-sale securities. During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company recognized net gains of \$0.2 million. During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company recognized insignificant net losses. The Company did not record any impairment charges related to these investments during the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2012. As of December 31, 2012, both unrealized gains and losses on the pre-refunded municipal bonds were insignificant. The following table summarizes the Company's investment in these municipal bonds as of December 31, 2011 and 2012 (in thousands):

		Decembe	er 31, 2011	
	Amortized	mortized Gross Unrealized		Estimated
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Fair Value
Due within one year	\$10,538	\$ 10	\$ (3)	\$10,545
Due after one year through three years	2,500	6	-	2,506
Total	\$13,038	\$ 16	\$ (3)	\$13,051
	<u></u>	Decembe	er 31, 2012	
	Amortized	Gross U	nrealized	Estimated
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Fair Value
Due within one year	\$ 3,666	\$	\$-	\$ 3,666
Due after one year through two years		-	_	
Total	\$ 3,666	<u>\$—</u>	\$-	\$ 3,666

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received in the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure Topic of FASB ASC establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value and requires that assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1. Observable inputs, such as quoted prices in active markets;
- Level 2. Inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting
 entity to develop its own assumptions.

The Company evaluates assets and liabilities subject to fair value measurements on a recurring and non-recurring basis to determine the appropriate level at which to classify them for each reporting period. This determination requires the Company to make significant judgments.

The Company determines the fair value of its investments using third-party pricing sources, which primarily use a consensus price or weighted average price for the fair value assessment. The consensus price is determined by using matrix prices from a variety of industry standard pricing services, data providers, large financial institutions and other third party sources and utilizing those multiple prices as inputs into a distribution-curve-based algorithm to determine the estimated market value. Matrix prices are based on quoted prices for securities with similar terms (i.e. coupon rate, maturity, credit rating). The Company corroborates consensus prices provided by third party pricing sources using reported trade activity, benchmark yield curves, binding broker/dealer quotes or other relevant price information.

The following table sets forth, as of December 31, 2011 and 2012, the Company's financial and non-financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, by level within the fair value hierarchy (in thousands):

	December 31, 2011			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Municipal bonds (maturities less than one year)	\$ —	\$10,545	\$-	\$10,545
Municipal bonds (maturities one to two years)	\$ —	\$ 2,506	\$	\$ 2,506
Marketable securities(1)	\$4,008	\$ —	\$	\$ 4,008
		December	r 31, 2012	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Municipal bonds (maturities less than one year)	\$ —	\$ 3,666	\$	\$ 3,666
Marketable securities(1)	\$4,458	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4,458

(1) The NeuStar, Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan) provides directors and certain employees with the ability to defer a portion of their compensation. The assets of the Plan are invested in marketable securities held in a Rabbi Trust and reported at fair value in other assets. During the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2012, there were no sales of securities from the Rabbi Trust. During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company recognized gains of \$0.5 million attributed to the sale of securities from the Rabbi Trust.

6. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill

The Company's goodwill by operating segment as of December 31, 2011 and 2012 is as follows (in thousands):

	December 31, 2010	Acquisitions	Adjustments	December 31, 2011 (1)	Adjustments	December 31, 2012
Carrier Services						
Gross goodwill	\$202,055	\$ 20,602	\$(302)	\$222,355	\$ —	\$222,355
Accumulated impairments	(93,602)			(93,602)	2 31 ₂	(93,602)
Net goodwill	108,453	20,602	(302)	128,753	-	128,753
Enterprise Services						
Gross goodwill	16,198	7.	-	16,198		16,198
Accumulated impairments						
Net goodwill	16,198			16,198		16,198
Information Services						
Gross goodwill		429,700	-	429,700	(2,473)	427,227
Accumulated impairments	<u></u>	19 514	-	2000		
Net goodwill		429,700		429,700	(2,473)	427,227
Total						
Gross goodwill	218,253	450,302	(302)	668,253	(2,473)	665,780
Accumulated impairments	(93,602)	3 <u>-11-</u> 3		(93,602)		(93,602)
Net goodwill	\$124,651	\$450,302	\$(302)	\$574,651	\$(2,473)	\$572,178

(1) Balance as originally reported at December 31, 2011, prior to the reflection of measurement period adjustments.

During the third quarter of 2011, the Company completed its acquisition of assets and certain liabilities of the Numbering Solutions business of Evolving Systems, Inc. and recorded \$20.3 million of goodwill, net of adjustments, (see Note 3). In addition, during the fourth quarter of 2011, the Company acquired TARGUSinfo and recorded \$429.7 million of goodwill in the Company's Information Services operating segment. During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company adjusted its preliminary valuation of acquired assets and liabilities of TARGUSinfo and recorded adjustments of \$2.5 million (see Note 3).

The Company's 2011 and 2012 annual goodwill impairment analysis, which was performed for each of its reporting units as of October 1 in each respective year, did not result in an impairment charge.

The key assumptions used in the Company's 2012 annual goodwill impairment test to determine the fair value of its reporting units included: (a) cash flow projections through 2017, which include growth and allocation assumptions for forecasted revenue and expenses; (b) cash flow projections beyond 2017 which use a long-term growth rate of 3.0%, (c) a discount rate of 12.5% to 14.5% to adjust the cash flow projections, which was based upon each respective reporting unit's weighted-average cost of capital adjusted for the risks associated with the

operations at the time of the assessment; (d) selection of comparable companies used in the market approach; and (e) assumptions in weighting the results of the discounted cash flow method and the market approach valuation techniques.

As of the date of the Company's 2012 annual impairment test, the estimated fair values for each of the Company's reporting units exceeded each of its reporting units' carrying value. The Company believes that the assumptions and estimates used to determine the estimated fair values of each of its reporting units are reasonable; however, these estimates are inherently subjective, and there are a number of factors, including factors outside of the Company's control that could cause actual results to differ from the Company's estimates. Changes in estimates and assumptions could have a significant impact on whether or not an impairment charge is recognized and also the magnitude of any such charge.

Any changes to the Company's key assumptions about its businesses and its prospects, or changes in market conditions, could cause the fair value of one of its reporting units to fall below its carrying value, resulting in a potential impairment charge. In addition, changes in the Company's organizational structure or how the Company's management allocates resources and assesses performance could result in a change of its operating segments or reporting units, requiring a reallocation and impairment analysis of goodwill. A goodwill impairment charge could have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements because of the significance of goodwill to its consolidated balance sheet. As of December 31, 2012, the Company had \$128.8 million, \$16.2 million, and \$427.2 million, respectively, in goodwill for its Carrier Services, Enterprise Services, and Information Services operating segments.

Intangible Assets

In the first quarter of 2010, the Company realigned its organizational structure, and its NGM business was included with other IP-related services in the Company's Carrier Services operating segment. In the fourth quarter of 2010, the Company decided to exit a portion of its IP Services business, specifically its Converged Messaging Services business. The Company believes that its decision to exit this business was an indicator of impairment for long-lived assets in its Converged Messaging Services asset group. As a result, in the fourth quarter of 2010, the Company performed a recoverability test and determined that the future undiscounted cash flows of the Converged Messaging Services asset group was less than the carrying value. The Company recorded an \$8.5 million charge for impairment of long-lived assets, consisting of a \$7.9 million charge to write down the carrying value of the Converged Messaging Services property and equipment (see Note 7) and a \$0.6 million charge to write down the carrying value of the Converged Messaging Services intangible assets related to customer lists and relationships. The valuation technique utilized by the Company in its fair value estimates included the discounted cash flow method. During the second quarter of 2011, the Company ceased operations of its Converged Messaging Services business and all corresponding prior period results presented in the Company's consolidated statements of operations have been reclassified to discontinued operations (see Note 3).

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Intangible assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	December 31,		Weighted- Average Amortization Period (in years)
	2011 2012		
Intangible assets:			
Customer lists and relationships	\$315,098	\$315,098	7.9
Accumulated amortization	(32,615)	(69,526)	
Customer lists and relationships, net	282,483	245,572	
Acquired technology	58,859	58,859	4.8
Accumulated amortization	(9,493)	(20,387)	
Acquired technology, net	49,366	38,472	
Trade name	7,630	7,630	3.0
Accumulated amortization	(711)	(3,187)	
Trade name, net	6,919	4,443	
Intangible assets, net	\$338,768	\$288,487	

In July 2011, the Company recorded \$21.7 million of definite-lived intangible assets, consisting of \$18.9 million of customer relationships and \$2.8 million of acquired technology related to its acquisition of assets and certain liabilities of the Numbering Solutions business of Evolving Systems, Inc. (see Note 3).

In November 2011, the Company recorded \$310.2 million of definite-lived intangible assets in connection with its acquisition of TARGUSinfo, consisting of \$256.7 million related to customer relationships, \$46.5 million related to acquired technology and \$7.0 million related to trade names and trademarks (see Note 3).

Amortization expense related to intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012 of approximately \$4.8 million, \$12.1 million and \$50.3 million, respectively, is included in depreciation and amortization expense. Amortization expense related to intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and thereafter is expected to be approximately \$48.9 million, \$47.9 million, \$45.9 million, \$44.1 million, \$35.6 million and \$66.1 million, respectively. Intangible assets as of December 31, 2012 will be fully amortized during the year ended December 31, 2021.

7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consists of the following (in thousands):

December 31,	
2011	2012
\$ 91,918	\$ 109,734
2,688	3 2,703
6,764	9,134
23,35	7 30,203
18,292	2 10,064
101,973	139,697
244,992	301,535
(144,890	0) (183,022)
\$ 100,102	\$ 118,513
	2011 \$ 91,918 2,688 6,764 23,355 18,292 101,973 244,992 (144,890

The Company entered into capital lease obligations of \$1.8 million and \$1.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2012, respectively, primarily for computer hardware. Amortization expense of assets recorded under capital leases is included in depreciation and amortization expense.

Depreciation and amortization expense related to property and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012 was \$28.1 million, \$34.1 million and \$42.7 million, respectively.

In the fourth quarter of 2010, the Company recorded a \$7.9 million impairment charge to write down the carrying value of property and equipment of the Converged Messaging Services asset group (see Note 6). The Converged Messaging property and equipment impairment charge of \$7.9 million includes a \$5.3 million impairment charge related to internally developed technology and a \$1.3 million impairment charge related to capitalized software. The valuation techniques utilized by the Company in its fair value estimates included the replacement cost method.

8. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consist of the following (in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2011	2012
Accrued compensation	\$52,028	\$63,554
RRC reserve	2,441	2,621
Accrued interest	4,648	-
Other	20,217	19,249
Total	\$79,334	\$85,424

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9. NOTE PAYABLE

2011 Credit Facilities

On November 8, 2011, the Company entered into a credit facility that provided for: (1) a \$600 million senior secured term loan facility (2011 Term Facility); (2) a \$100 million senior secured revolving credit facility (2011 Revolving Facility and together with the 2011 Term Facility, the 2011 Credit Facilities), of which (a) \$30 million was available for the issuance of letters of credit and (b) \$25 million was available as a swingline subfacility; and (3) incremental term loan facilities in an aggregate amount of up to \$400 million. The maturity date of the 2011 Revolving Facility was November 8, 2016, and the maturity date of the 2011 Term Facility was November 8, 2018. The entire \$600 million 2011 Term Facility was borrowed on November 8, 2011, and used to fund a portion of the acquisition of TARGUSinfo and to pay costs, fees and expenses incurred in connection with the acquisition. As of December 31, 2012, available borrowings under the 2011 Revolving Facility were reduced by outstanding letters of credit totaling \$7.8 million. On January 22, 2013, the Company refinanced this credit facility. See Subsequent Event – Debt Refinancing below.

The 2011 Credit Facilities contained customary representations and warranties, affirmative and negative covenants, and events of default. If an event of default occurred and so long as such event of default was continuing, the amounts outstanding could accrue interest at an increased rate and payments of such outstanding amounts could be accelerated, or other remedies undertaken pursuant to the 2011 Credit Facilities. The Company's quarterly financial covenants included a maximum consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio and a minimum consolidated leverage ratio. As of December 31, 2011, the Company was in compliance with these covenants. As of December 31, 2012, the Company was not required to comply with these covenants. See Subsequent Event — Debt Refinancing below.

The Company's obligations pursuant to the 2011 Credit Facilities were guaranteed by certain of the Company's domestic subsidiaries, or the guarantors, and secured, with certain exceptions, by: (1) (a) a first priority security interest in all equity interests of the Company's direct and indirect domestic subsidiaries; (b) 65% of the outstanding voting equity interests and 100% of the non-voting equity interests of NeuStar NGM Services Limited, an indirect subsidiary of the Company, and first-tier foreign subsidiaries that are controlled foreign corporations; and (c) 65% of the outstanding voting equity interests of any domestic subsidiary of the Company, the sole assets of which consist of stock of controlled foreign corporations; (2) all present and future tangible and intangible assets of the Company and the guarantors; and (3) all proceeds and products of the property and assets described in (1) and (2) above.

Principal payments under the 2011 Term Facility of \$1.5 million were due on the last day of the quarter starting on December 31, 2011 and ending on September 30, 2018. The remaining 2011 Term Facility principal balance of \$558.0 million was due in full on November 8, 2018, subject to early mandatory prepayments as further discussed below. The loans outstanding under the credit facility bore interest, at the Company's option, either: (1) at the base rate, which was defined as the highest of (a) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, (b) the interest rate published by the Wall Street Journal as the "U.S. Prime Rate" and (c) the adjusted LIBOR rate for a one-month interest period beginning on such day plus 1.00%; provided that the base rate for loans under the 2011 Term Facility was deemed to be not less than 2.25% per annum or (2) at the LIBOR rate plus, in each case, an applicable margin. The applicable margin was (1) in respect of the 2011 Term Facility, 2.75% per annum for borrowings based on the base rate and 3.75% per annum for borrowings based on the LIBOR rate, and (2) in respect of the 2011 Revolving Facility, 2.50% per annum for borrowings based on the base rate and 3.50% per annum borrowings based on the LIBOR rate. The accrued interest under the 2011 Term Facility was payable quarterly beginning on February 8, 2012. As of both December 31, 2011 and 2012, the interest rate on the 2011 Term Facility was 5% per year. The accrued interest under the 2011 Revolving Facility was due on the last day of the quarter starting on December 31, 2011.

The Company paid \$10.0 million of loan origination fees related to its 2011 Credit Facilities and recorded \$19.4 million in deferred financing costs. Total amortization expense of the loan origination fees and deferred financing costs was approximately \$0.6 million and \$4.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2012, respectively, and is reported as interest expense in the consolidated statements of operations. As of December 31, 2011 and 2012, the balance of unamortized loan origination fees and deferred financing costs was \$28.8 million and \$24.8 million, respectively.

The Company could voluntarily prepay the loans at any time. The 2011 Term Facility had a 1% prepayment fee in the event it was refinanced within the first year of issuance. The 2011 Credit Facilities provided for mandatory prepayments with the net cash proceeds of certain debt issuances, equity issuances, insurance receipts, dispositions and excess cash flows. Mandatory prepayments attributable to excess cash flows were based on the Company's leverage ratio and were determined at the end of each fiscal year, beginning with the year ended December 31, 2012. A leverage ratio of 1.5x or higher would have triggered mandatory prepayments of 25% or 50% of excess cash flow.

As of December 31, 2011 and 2012, the Company's principal borrowings under the 2011 Term Facility were \$598.5 million and \$592.5 million, respectively. Accrued interest under the 2011 Credit Facilities was \$4.5 million as of December 31, 2011. As of December 31, 2012, there was no interest payable under the 2011 Credit Facilities. As of December 31, 2011 and 2012, the Company's available borrowings under the 2011 Revolving Facility were \$100 million and \$92.2 million, respectively. On January 22, 2013, the Company refinanced this 2011 Term Facility. See Subsequent Event — Debt Refinancing below.

Subsequent Event — Debt Refinancing

On January 22, 2013, the Company entered into a credit facility that provided for a \$325 million senior secured term loan facility (2013 Term Facility) and a \$200 million senior secured revolving credit facility (2013 Revolving Facility, and together with the 2013 Term Facility, the 2013 Credit Facilities). In addition, the Company closed an offering of \$300 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes (Notes). The Company used the proceeds received from the 2013 Term Facility and Notes to repay its outstanding principal borrowings of \$592.5 million under the 2011 Term Facility. The 2011 Credit Facilities were terminated in connection with this refinancing event.

Notes

On January 22, 2013, the Company closed an offering of \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 4.50% senior notes due 2023 to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A, and outside of the United States pursuant to Regulation S, under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act. The Notes were issued pursuant to an indenture, dated as of January 22, 2013, among the Company, certain of its domestic subsidiaries, or the Subsidiary Guarantors, and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, or the Indenture. The Notes are the general unsecured senior obligations of the Company and are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by the Subsidiary Guarantors.

Interest is payable on the Notes semi-annually in arrears at an annual rate of 4.50%, on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning on July 15, 2013. The Notes will mature on January 15, 2023. Interest will accrue from January 22, 2013.

At any time and from time to time prior to July 15, 2016, the Company may redeem up to a maximum of 35% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings, at a redemption price equal to 104.50% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if

any, to the redemption date (subject to the right of holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date); provided that: (1) at least 65% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Notes remains outstanding; and (2) the redemption occurs within 90 days of the completion of such equity offering upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior notice.

Prior to January 15, 2018, the Company may redeem some or all of the Notes by paying a "make-whole" premium based on U.S. Treasury rates. During the 12-month period commencing on January 15 of the relevant year listed below, the Company may redeem some or all of the Notes at the prices listed below, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the redemption date (subject to the right of holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date): 2018 at a redemption price of 102.25%; 2019 at a redemption price of 101.50%; 2020 at a redemption price of 100.75%; and 2021 and thereafter at a redemption price of 100.00%. If the Company experiences certain changes of control together with a ratings downgrade, it will be required to offer to purchase all of the Notes then outstanding at a purchase price equal to 101.00% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, the date of purchase. If the Company sells certain assets and does not repay certain debt or reinvest the proceeds of such sales within certain time periods, it will be required to offer to repurchase the Notes with such proceeds at 100.00% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of purchase.

The Notes contain customary events of default, including among other things, payment default, failure to provide certain notices and certain provision related to bankruptcy events. The Notes also contain customary negative covenants.

On January 22, 2013, the Company entered into a registration rights agreement relating to the Notes that requires it and the Subsidiary Guarantors to, among other things: (1) file a registration statement with respect to a registered offer to exchange the Notes for new notes guaranteed by the Company's Subsidiary Guarantors, with terms substantially identical in all material respects to those of the Notes (except that the new notes will not be subject to restrictions on transfer or to any increase in annual interest rate); (2) use the Company's reasonable best efforts to cause the applicable registration statement to become effective under the Securities Act; and (3) promptly after the applicable registration statement is declared effective, initiate an exchange offer. In addition, under certain circumstances, the Company and the Subsidiary Guarantors may be required to file a shelf registration statement relating to resales of the Notes.

If (1) the exchange offer is not completed within 300 days after the date of original issuance of the Notes; (2) a shelf registration statement, if required, has not become effective within 300 days after the date of original issuance of the Notes; (3) if the Company receives a request to file a shelf registration pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement and such shelf registration statement has not become effective by the later of (a) 300 days after the date of original issuance of the Notes and (b) 120 days after delivery of such shelf request or (4) any required registration statement is filed and declared effective but thereafter ceases to be effective in certain circumstances during the applicable period (each such event referred to in clauses (1) through (4) above, a "Registration Default"), then the Company will be obligated to pay additional interest to each holder of the Notes that are subject to transfer restrictions, with respect to the first 90-day period immediately following the occurrence of a Registration Default, at a rate of 0.25% per annum on the principal amount of the Notes that are subject to transfer restrictions held by such holder. The amount of additional interest will increase by an additional 0.25% per annum with respect to each subsequent 90-day period until the Registration Default ends, up to a maximum increase of 1.00% per annum on the principal amount of the Notes that are subject to transfer restrictions.

2013 Credit Facilities

The 2013 Credit Facilities include: (1) the 2013 Term Facility; (2) the 2013 Revolving Facility, of which (a) \$100 million is available for the issuance of letters of credit and (b) \$25 million is available as a swingline subfacility; and (3) incremental term loan facilities in an amount such that after giving effect to the incurrence of any such incremental loans, either (a) the aggregate amount of incremental loans does not exceed \$400 million or (b) the Consolidated Secured Leverage Ratio on a pro forma basis after giving effect to any such increase would not exceed 2.50 to 1.00. The 2013 Revolving Facility and 2013 Term Facility mature on January 22, 2018. The entire \$325 million available under the 2013 Term Facility was borrowed on January 22, 2013, and used to refinance a portion of the Company's 2011 Credit Facilities. As of January 22, 2013, the Company had not borrowed any amounts under the 2013 Revolving Facility and available borrowings were \$192.2 million, exclusive of outstanding letters of credit totaling \$7.8 million.

Principal payments under the 2013 Term Facility are as follows (in thousands):

2013	\$ 8,125
2014	8,125
2015	8,125
2016	8,125
2017	8,125
Thereafter	284,375
Total principal payments	\$325,000

Principal payments under the 2013 Term Facility are due on the last day of the quarter starting on March 31, 2013 and ending on December 31, 2017. The remaining 2013 Term Facility principal balance of \$284.4 million is due in full on January 22, 2018, subject to early mandatory prepayments.

The loans outstanding under the 2013 Credit Facilities (Loans) will bear interest, at the Company's option, either: (1) at the base rate, which is defined as the highest of (a) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, (b) the interest rate published by the Wall Street Journal from time to time as the "U.S. Prime Rate" and (c) the adjusted LIBOR rate for a one-month interest period beginning on such day plus 1.00%; or (2) at the LIBOR rate plus, in each case, an applicable margin. The applicable margin is (1) if the Consolidated Leverage Ratio is less than 2.00:1.00, 0.50% per annum for borrowings based on the base rate and 1.50% per annum for borrowings based on the LIBOR rate, or (2) if the Consolidated Leverage Ratio is 2.00:1.00 or greater, 0.75% per annum for borrowings based on the base rate and 1.75% per annum borrowings based on the LIBOR rate. The accrued interest under the 2013 Term Facility is payable quarterly beginning in March 31, 2013.

The Company may voluntarily prepay the Loans at any time in minimum amounts of \$1 million or an integral multiple of \$500,000 in excess thereof. The 2013 Credit Facilities provide for mandatory prepayments with the net cash proceeds of certain debt issuances, insurance receipts, and dispositions. The 2013 Term Facility also contains certain events of default, upon the occurrence of which, and so long as such event of default is continuing, the amounts outstanding may, at the option of the required Lenders, accrue interest at an increased rate and payments of such outstanding amounts could be accelerated, or other remedies undertaken pursuant to the 2013 Term Facility, by the required Lenders.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Capital Leases

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments due under capital lease obligations as of December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

2013	\$ 1,794
2014	755
2015	90
Total minimum lease payments	2,639
Less: amounts representing interest	(136)
Present value of minimum lease payments	2,503
Less: current portion	(1,686)
Capital lease obligation, long-term	\$ 817

The following assets are capitalized under capital leases at the end of each period presented (in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2011	2012
Equipment and hardware	\$ 34,630	\$ 35,322
Furniture and fixtures	334	334
Subtotal	34,964	35,656
Less: accumulated amortization	(31,308)	(33,708)
Net assets under capital leases	\$ 3,656	\$ 1,948

Operating Leases

The Company leases office space under noncancelable operating lease agreements. The leases terminate at various dates through 2021 and generally provide for scheduled rent increases.

On January 20, 2010, the Company entered into a lease agreement with a third party relating to its corporate headquarters in Sterling, Virginia. The lease provides for approximately 91,754 square feet of office space. The initial term of the lease commenced on October 1, 2010 and terminates January 31, 2021. The Company has two five-year options to renew the lease, and the rent for the applicable renewal term will be determined if and when the Company exercises its applicable option to renew the lease. The Company recognizes rent incentives and leasehold improvements funded by landlord incentives on a straight-line basis, as a reduction of rent expense, over the initial term of the lease.

Future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2012, are as follows (in thousands):

	\$83,620
Thereafter	27,945
2017	9,441
2016	9,926
2015	11,220
2014	12,014
2013	\$13,074

Rent expense was \$6.5 million, \$9.6 million and \$12.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012, respectively.

Contingencies

Currently, and from time to time, the Company is involved in litigation incidental to the conduct of its business. The Company is not a party to any lawsuit or proceeding that, in the opinion of management, is reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

11. RESTRUCTURING CHARGES

The Company recorded restructuring charges in continuing operations of \$5.4 million, \$3.5 million and \$0.5 million during the years ended December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012, respectively. The Company's restructuring charges included in continuing operations during the year ended December 31, 2010 included charges incurred in connection with its 2009 restructuring plan to relocate certain operations and support functions to Louisville, Kentucky and charges incurred under the Company's 2010 management transition restructuring plan. During the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2012, restructuring charges in continuing operations included charges incurred in connection with the Company's 2010 management transition restructuring plan as well as the restructuring plan initiated in 2011 to reduce the Company's domestic workforce.

The Company recorded restructuring charges in discontinued operations of \$2.0 million and \$1.6 million during the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2011, respectively. There were no restructuring charges recorded in discontinued operations during the year ended December 31, 2012. The Company's restructuring charges for discontinued operations consisted of charges incurred under its Converged Messaging Services restructuring plan initiated in the fourth quarter of 2008 and completed in the second quarter of 2011.

Restructuring Plans

2011 Restructuring Plan

In the fourth quarter of 2011, the Company initiated a domestic work-force reduction impacting each of its operating segments and recorded severance and severance-related charges of \$3.1 million. During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company incurred additional severance and severance-related charges of approximately \$0.5 million under this plan. The Company expects to pay approximately \$0.2 million in remaining severance and severance-related payments through the second quarter of 2013.

2010 Management Transition

In the fourth quarter of 2010, the Company initiated a work-force reduction impacting its Carrier Services and Enterprise Services operating segments and recorded severance and severance-related charges of \$3.8 million. During 2011, the Company recorded additional severance and severance-related charges of \$0.4 million in connection with this restructuring initiative. The Company does not anticipate it will incur additional expenses under this plan and expects to pay \$15,000 in the first quarter of 2013.

Converged Messaging Services, Discontinued Operations

Beginning in the fourth quarter of 2008, management committed to and implemented a restructuring plan for the Company's Converged Messaging Services business, previously known as the Company's Next Generation Messaging business, to more appropriately allocate resources to the Company's key mobile instant messaging initiatives. The restructuring plan involved a reduction in headcount and closure of specific leased facilities in some of the Company's international locations. In the third quarter of 2009 and the fourth quarter of 2010, the Company extended the restructuring plan to include further headcount reductions and closure of certain additional facilities. During 2011, the Company sold certain assets and liabilities of Neustar NGM Services, Inc. and its subsidiaries used in the Converged Messaging Services business, and completed the wind-down of the residual operations of its Converged Messaging Services business. Restructuring charges for all periods presented have been reclassified into "(Loss) income on discontinued operations, net of tax" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

Total net restructuring charges recorded under this plan since the fourth quarter of 2008 include approximately \$8.4 million of severance and severance-related costs and \$1.8 million of lease and facility exit costs. Amounts related to lease terminations due to the closure of excess facilities will be paid over the remainder of the respective lease terms, the longest of which extends through 2013.

Summary of Accrued Restructuring Plans

The additions and adjustments to the accrued restructuring liability related to the Company's restructuring plans as described above for the year ended December 31, 2012 are as follows (in thousands):

	December 31, 2011	Additional Costs	Cash Payments	Adjustments	December 31, 2012
Converged Messaging Services:					
Lease and facilities exit costs	\$ 609	\$ —	\$ (484)	\$ —	\$ 125
2011 Restructuring Plan:					
Severance and related costs	2,833	615	(3,105)	(111)	232
2010 Management Transition:					
Severance and related costs	919		(889)	(15)	15
Total restructuring plans	\$ 4,361	\$ 615	\$ (4,478)	\$ (126)	\$ 372

12. OTHER (EXPENSE) INCOME

Other (expense) income consists of the following (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2010	2011	2012
Interest and other expense:			
Interest expense	\$ 388	\$4,831	\$34,200
(Gain) loss on asset disposals	(112)	996	22
Loss on ARS Rights	6,892	_	_
Foreign currency transaction (gain) loss	(173)	452	(67)
Total	\$6,995	\$6,279	\$34,155
Interest and other income:			
Interest income	\$ 575	\$1,265	\$ 596
ARS trading gains	7,007		_
Available-for-sale realized gains		701	
Total	\$7,582	\$1,966	\$ 596

During 2010 and 2011, the Company recorded a reduction of \$1.2 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, in interest expense related to decreases in an accrued sales tax liability.

In 2011, the Company paid \$10.0 million of loan origination fees related to its 2011 Credit Facilities and recorded \$19.4 million in deferred financing costs. Total amortization expense of the loan origination fees and deferred financing costs was approximately \$0.6 million and \$4.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2012, respectively, and is reported as interest expense in the consolidated statements of operations. As of December 31, 2011 and 2012, the balance of unamortized loan origination fees and deferred financing costs was \$28.8 million and \$24.8 million, respectively.

13. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes, continuing operations, consists of the following components (in thousands):

Year Ended December 31,		
2010	2011	2012
\$70,210	\$54,615	\$76,563
14,708	12,076	16,408
84,918	66,691	92,971
(1,133)	12,113	(4,733)
(1,503)	2,333	(1,225)
(2,636)	14,446	(5,958)
\$82,282	\$81,137	\$87,013
	\$70,210 14,708 84,918 (1,133) (1,503) (2,636)	2010 2011 \$70,210 \$54,615 14,708 12,076 84,918 66,691 (1,133) 12,113 (1,503) 2,333 (2,636) 14,446

A reconciliation of the statutory United States income tax rate to the effective income tax rate for continuing operations follows:

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Year Ended December 31,		
2010	2011	2012
35.0 %	35.0 %	35.0 %
4.3	4.5	4.3
(()	-	(3.4)
0.8	0.1	(0.1)
(0.2)		
39.9 %	39.6 %	35.8 %
	2010 35.0 % 4.3 — 0.8 (0.2)	2010 2011 35.0 % 35.0 % 4.3 4.5 0.8 0.1 (0.2)

The Company's annual effective tax rate for its continuing operations decreased to 35.8% for the year ended December 31, 2012 from 39.6% for the year ended December 31, 2011. This decrease includes \$6.8 million of discrete items recorded during 2012 primarily due to the Company's domestic production activities deduction and utilization of foreign tax credits against federal income taxes. During 2012, the Company completed an analysis of its domestic production activities deduction which resulted in a net tax benefit of \$6.1 million for years 2008 through 2011, and a tax benefit of \$2.6 million for 2012 reflected in the annual effective tax rate for 2012. The decrease in the Company's effective tax rate from continuing operations was partially offset by a change in estimate attributed to a worthless stock loss deduction of NGM Services. Decreases in the Company's effective tax rate were also partially offset by benefits recorded in 2011 related to the realizability of net operating losses associated with the acquisition of Quova, Inc. and federal research tax credits. The Company's annual effective tax rate decreased to 39.6% for the year ended December 31, 2011 from 39.9% for the year ended December 31, 2010 primarily due to benefits for federal research tax credits and a change in estimate of the realizability of acquired Quova, Inc. net operating losses partially offset by settlement of the Company's Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Examination and TARGUSinfo acquisition-related costs and stock repurchase costs, which are nondeductible for tax purposes.

On February 7, 2011, the Company sold certain business assets and liabilities of NGM Services and its subsidiaries, a portion of the Converged Messaging Services business. The Company treated the common stock of NGM Services as worthless for U.S. income tax purposes in its 2011 U.S. federal and state income tax returns. The Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$42.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 within discontinued operations, which primarily represents the book and tax basis differences associated with its investment in NGM Services.

The Company realized certain tax benefits related to nonqualified and incentive stock option exercises in the amounts of \$1.6 million, \$4.5 million and \$9.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012, respectively. Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of the Company's net deferred income taxes are as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,		
	2011	2012	
Deferred tax assets:	S	9 65 50 50	
Domestic NOL carryforwards	\$ 11,088	\$ 9,538	
Foreign NOL carryforwards	43,748	1,785	
Restructuring accrual	1,374	20	
Deferred revenue	4,234	4,078	
Accrued compensation	5,437	6,344	
Stock-based compensation expense	21,832	17,795	
Realized losses on investments	1,189	1,181	
Deferred rent	4,638	5,375	
Other	3,410	2,295	
Total deferred tax assets	96,950	48,411	
Valuation allowance	(45,971	(3,965)	
Total deferred tax assets, net	50,979	44,446	
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Unbilled receivables	(2,184	(2,507)	
Depreciation and amortization	(39,859	(46,141)	
Identifiable intangible assets	(118,246	(99,598)	
Deferred costs	(3,493	(3,213)	
Other	(417	(424)	
Total deferred tax liabilities	(164,199	(151,883)	
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$(113,220	\$(107,437)	

As of December 31, 2012, the Company had U.S. net operating loss carryforwards for federal tax purposes of approximately \$20.2 million which expire, if unused, in various years from 2020 to 2030. During 2012, the Company completed its evaluation of limitations that apply to its U.K. net operating losses as a result of the sale of certain assets and liabilities of NGM Services and its subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2012, the Company had \$5.5 million of net operating losses that are ultimately available for carryforward indefinitely under U.K. tax law and the Company has a full valuation allowance against its deferred tax asset associated with its U.K. net operating loss carryforwards. As of December 31, 2012, the Company had other foreign net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$2.9 million, of which \$2.3 million can be carried forward indefinitely under current local tax laws and \$0.6 million which expire, if unused, in years beginning 2016.

As of December 31, 2012, the amount of earnings from foreign subsidiaries that the Company considers indefinitely reinvested and for which deferred taxes have not been provided was approximately \$2.9 million. It is not practicable to determine the income tax liability that would be payable if such earnings were not indefinitely reinvested.

As of December 31, 2011 and 2012, the Company had unrecognized tax benefits of \$1.6 million and \$4.4 million, respectively, of which \$1.6 million and \$4.1 million, respectively, would affect the Company's effective tax rate if recognized. The net increase in the liability for unrecognized income tax benefits is as follows (in thousands):

Balance at January 1, 2010	\$1,072
Increase related to current year tax positions	95
Increase related to prior year tax positions	-
Reductions due to lapse in statutes of limitations	(8)
Balance at December 31, 2010	1,159
Increase related to current year tax positions	195
Increase related to prior year tax positions	715
Positions assumed in TARGUSinfo acquisition	259
Reductions due to lapse in statutes of limitations	(618)
Settlements	(144)
Balance at December 31, 2011	1,566
Increase related to current year tax positions	802
Increase related to prior year tax positions	2,739
Positions assumed in TARGUSinfo acquisition	147
Reductions due to lapse in statutes of limitations	(545)
Settlements	(306)
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$4,403

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. During the years ended December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012, the Company recognized potential interest and penalties of \$26,000, \$118,000 and \$138,000 respectively including interest related to uncertain tax positions of acquired companies. As of December 31, 2011 and 2012, the Company had established reserves of approximately \$153,000 and \$194,000 for accrued potential interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions, respectively. To the extent interest and penalties are not assessed with respect to uncertain tax positions, amounts accrued will be reduced and reflected as a reduction of the overall income tax provision. During the year ended December 31, 2012, accrued interest and penalties decreased by \$97,000 due to settlements and expiration of certain statutes of limitations.

The Company files income tax returns in the United States Federal jurisdiction and in many state and foreign jurisdictions. The tax years 2007 through 2011 remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which the Company is subject. The IRS has initiated an examination of the Company's 2009 federal income tax return. While the ultimate outcome of the audit is uncertain, management does not currently believe that the outcome will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company anticipates that total unrecognized tax benefits will decrease by approximately \$121,000 over the next 12 months due to the expiration of certain statutes of limitations.

14. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred Stock

The Company is authorized to issue up to 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share, in one or more series, to establish from time to time the number of shares to be included in each series, and to fix

the rights, preferences, privileges, qualifications, limitations and restrictions of the shares of each wholly unissued series. As of December 31, 2011 and 2012, there are no preferred stock shares issued or outstanding.

Common Stock

The Company is authorized to issue up to 200,000,000 shares of Class A common stock, \$0.001 par value per share and 100,000,000 shares of Class B common stock, \$0.001 par value per share. Each holder of Class A and Class B common stock is entitled to one vote for each share of common stock held on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders. Subject to preferences that may apply to shares of preferred stock outstanding at the time, the holders of Class A and Class B common stock are entitled to receive dividends out of assets legally available at the time and in the amounts as the Company's Board of Directors may from time to time determine.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has five stock incentive plans: the NeuStar, Inc. 1999 Equity Incentive Plan (1999 Plan); the NeuStar, Inc. 2005 Stock Incentive Plan (2005 Plan); the NeuStar, Inc. 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (2009 Plan); the Targus Information Corporation Amended and Restated 2004 Stock Incentive Plan (TARGUSinfo Plan); and the AMACAI Information Corporation 2004 Stock Incentive Plan (AMACAI Plan) (collectively, the Plans). The Company may grant to its directors, employees and consultants awards under the 2009 Plan in the form of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, shares of restricted stock, restricted stock units, PVRSUs and other stock-based awards. The aggregate number of shares of Class A common stock with respect to which all awards may be granted under the 2009 Plan is 11,911,646, plus the number of shares underlying awards granted under the 1999 Plan, the 2005 Plan, the TARGUSinfo Plan, and the AMACAI Plan that remain undelivered following any expiration, cancellation or forfeiture of such awards. As of December 31, 2012, 2,408,663 shares were available for grant or award under the 2009 Plan. An additional 3,000,000 shares, approved by the Company's stockholders at the June 20, 2012 annual meeting of stockholders, will become available for grant once registered on a Form S-8 filed with the SEC.

On June 20, 2012, at the Company's annual shareholder meeting, stockholders approved the NeuStar, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP). The Company anticipates the ESPP will be made available to its employees in the second quarter of 2013, following the registration of the 600,000 shares available under the ESPP on a Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed with the SEC.

The term of any stock option granted under the Plans may not exceed ten years. The exercise price per share for options granted under the Plans may not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the common stock on the option grant date. The Board of Directors or Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors determines the vesting schedule of the options, with a maximum vesting period of ten years. Options issued generally vest with respect to 25% of the shares underlying the option on the first anniversary of the grant date and 2.083% of the shares on the last day of each succeeding calendar month thereafter. The options expire seven to ten years from the date of issuance and are forfeitable upon termination of an option holder's service.

The Company has granted and may in the future grant restricted stock to directors, employees and consultants. The Board of Directors or Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors determines the vesting schedule of the restricted stock, with a maximum vesting period of ten years. Restricted stock issued generally vests in equal annual installments over a four-year term.

Stock-based compensation expense recognized for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012 was \$17.0 million, \$27.5 million and \$28.1 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2012, total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock options, non-vested restricted stock awards, non-vested

restricted stock units and non-vested PVRSUs granted prior to that date was estimated at \$53.0 million, which the Company expects to recognize over a weighted average period of approximately 1.76 years. Total unrecognized compensation expense as of December 31, 2012 is estimated based on outstanding non-vested stock options, non-vested restricted stock awards, non-vested restricted stock units and non-vested PVRSUs. Stock-based compensation expense may increase or decrease in future periods for subsequent grants or forfeitures, and changes in the estimated fair value of non-vested awards granted to consultants.

Stock Options

The Company utilizes the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of stock options granted. The weighted-average grant date fair value of options granted during the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2011 was \$8.12 and \$8.83, respectively. No options were granted during the year ended December 31, 2012. The following are the weighted-average assumptions used in valuing the stock options granted during the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2011, and a discussion of the Company's assumptions.

	December 31,	
	2010	2011
Dividend yield	— %	— %
Expected volatility	39.13%	37.16%
Risk-free interest rate	2.07%	1.56%
Expected life of options (in years)	4.42	4.41

Year Ended

Dividend yield — The Company has never declared or paid dividends on its common stock and does not anticipate paying dividends in the foreseeable future.

Expected volatility — Volatility is a measure of the amount by which a financial variable such as a share price has fluctuated (historical volatility) or is expected to fluctuate (expected volatility) during a period. The Company considered the historical volatility of its stock price over a term similar to the expected life of the grant in determining its expected volatility.

Risk-free interest rate — The risk-free interest rate is based on U.S. Treasury bonds issued with similar life terms to the expected life of the grant.

Expected life of the options — The expected life is the period of time that options granted are expected to remain outstanding. The Company determined the expected life of stock options based on the weighted average of (a) the time-to-settlement from grant of historically settled options and (b) a hypothetical holding period for the outstanding vested options as of the date of fair value estimation. The hypothetical holding period is the amount of time the Company assumes a vested option will be held before the option is exercised. To determine the hypothetical holding period, the Company assumes that a vested option will be exercised at the midpoint of the time between the date of fair value estimation and the remaining contractual life of the unexercised vested option.